## **Kel-Crete Industries, Inc.**

General Partner of CJG LP

PO Box 52217 Tulsa, OK 74152-0217

"mailto:kelcrete@sbcglobal.net" kelcrete@sbcglobal.net

Phone: 918-744-0800, 800-845-1833

Fax: 918-744-0885 E-Mail: HYPERLINK

WWW: Kel-Crete.com

## Suggested Pumping Specifications for Plaster

Check all pumping equipment for leaks.

Prime hose as you normally would.

Note: Now comes the Kel-Crete induced mix design. It is important to get the mix right first and then pick up your speed.

Water: (Remember Kel-Crete is a water reducer for higher psi and greatly reduced

shrinkage.) Add 3 ½ to 4 gallons of water per sack of cement to mixer.

Kel-Crete: Add 3 ounces of Kel-Crete per sack of cement to water in the mixer.

Sand: Add 50% of sand to mixer. Cement: Add cement to mixer.

Sand: Add balance of sand.

Water: Depending upon the moisture content, etc. of the sand a **small amount** of water can be added to attain a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " to 3" slump.

Note: Should the pump labor or pack you have added too much water.

Note: You may have to **throttle down** your pumping speed so as to avoid excessive rebound (a fuel cost savings).

Note: Good pumping mortar will look a little stiffer than what you are used to. Since most contractors do not have a slump cone to measure their slump another way to make sure they have the right mortar consistency to pump and for good application is to do the following:

Dump the mixed mortar into the hopper on the pump.

2/3 of the mixed mortar should go through the screen on the hopper by way of gravity. The balance of the mortar should be shaken or vibrated through the screen.

Note: If all the mortar goes through the screen on dumping then the mortar is too wet. If the mortar stacks up more then 1/3 then the mortar is too stiff.

Note: Call me anytime at 800-845-1833 if should you need to.